

Production of $X(3872)$ at \bar{P} ANDA

Phys. Rev. D 77, 097501 (2008)

December 03, 2018

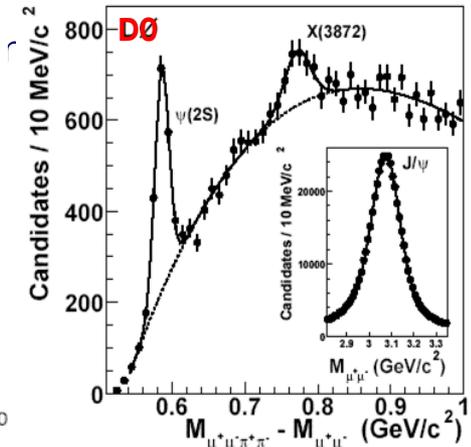
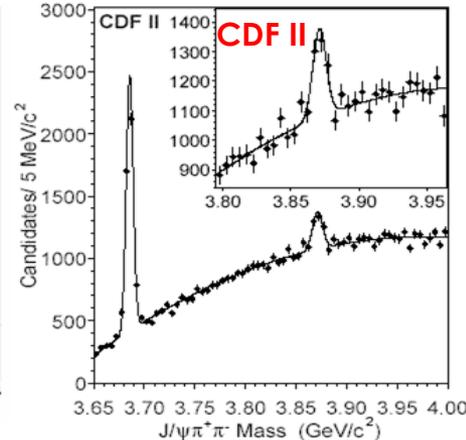
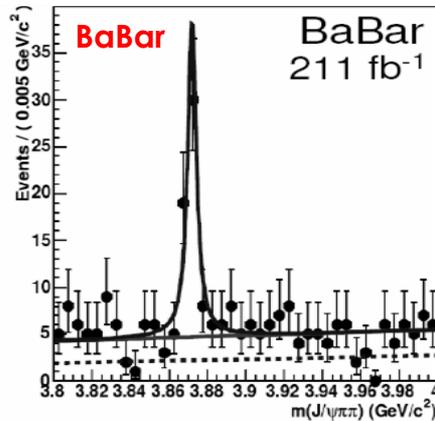
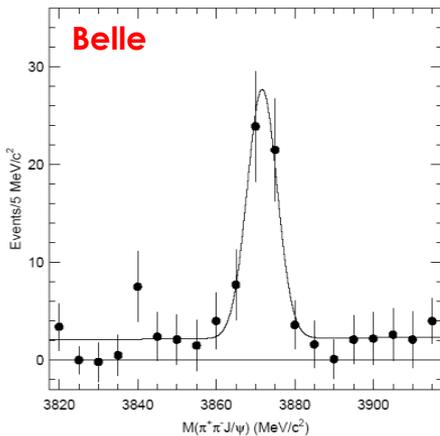
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I. Introduction

The X(3872) State

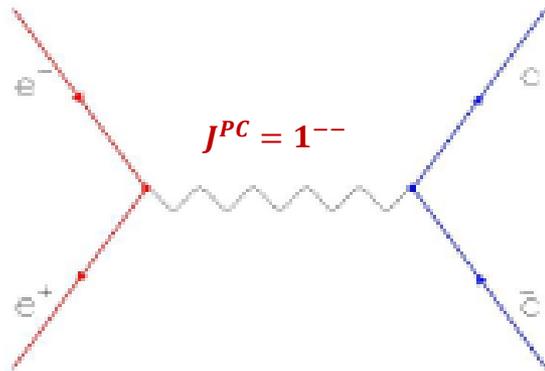
- A charmonium(-like) state found in $X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$ by Belle (2003)
- confirmed by experiments of Babar, CDF and D0.
- narrow ($\Gamma_{X(3872)} \leq 1.2$ MeV at 90% C.L.) and closed to the $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$ threshold ($m_x = 3871.68 \pm 0.17$ MeV)
- $J^{PC} = 1^{++}$ determined by LHCb (2012)
- The structure of X(3872) is still unclear.
- Possible interpretations
 - a loosely-bound molecule of D-mesons : $D^0\bar{D}^{*0}$
 - a 2P charmonium state $\chi_{c1}(2P)$



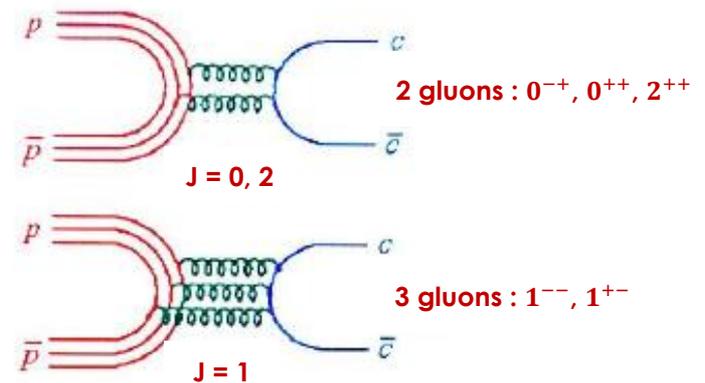
I. Introduction

Charmonium Production in $\bar{p}p$ collisions

- In e^+e^- experiments only neutral $J^{PC} = 1^{--}$ resonances can be directly produced, and production of exotic charmed states through other mechanisms is suppressed.
- In $\bar{p}p$ experiments direct production of exotic resonant states with various quantum numbers, including charged ones is possible.



e^+e^- collisions



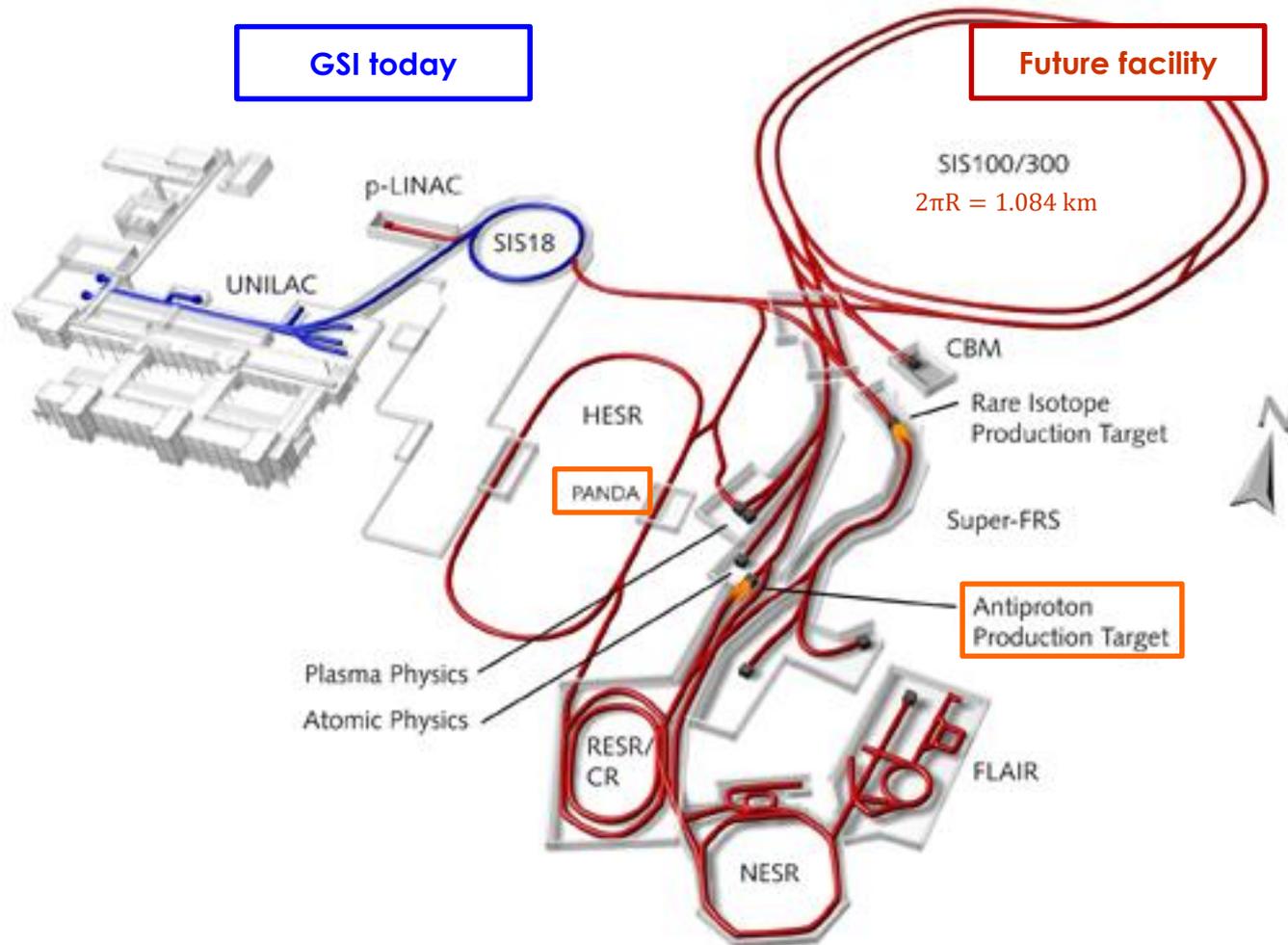
$\bar{p}p$ collisions

\bar{P} ANDA experiment

- \bar{P} ANDA (Anti-Proton ANnihilation at DArmstadt)
- The future experiment at FAIR (Facility for Antiproton and Iron Research) at GSI in Darmstadt (Frankfurt, Germany).
- fundamental questions of hadron and nuclear physics in the interactions of antiprotons with nucleons and nuclei.
- very high intensity antiproton beam with momentum ranging from 1.5 GeV/c to 15 GeV/c on a fixed proton target ($2.2 \leq \sqrt{s} \leq 5.5$ GeV)
- high reaction rates 2×10^7 interactions/s and high mass resolution 20 times better compared with the B-factories.
- → suited for charmonium studies thanks to the high capability rate and the excellent mass resolution
- complementary to the studies performed at B-factories.

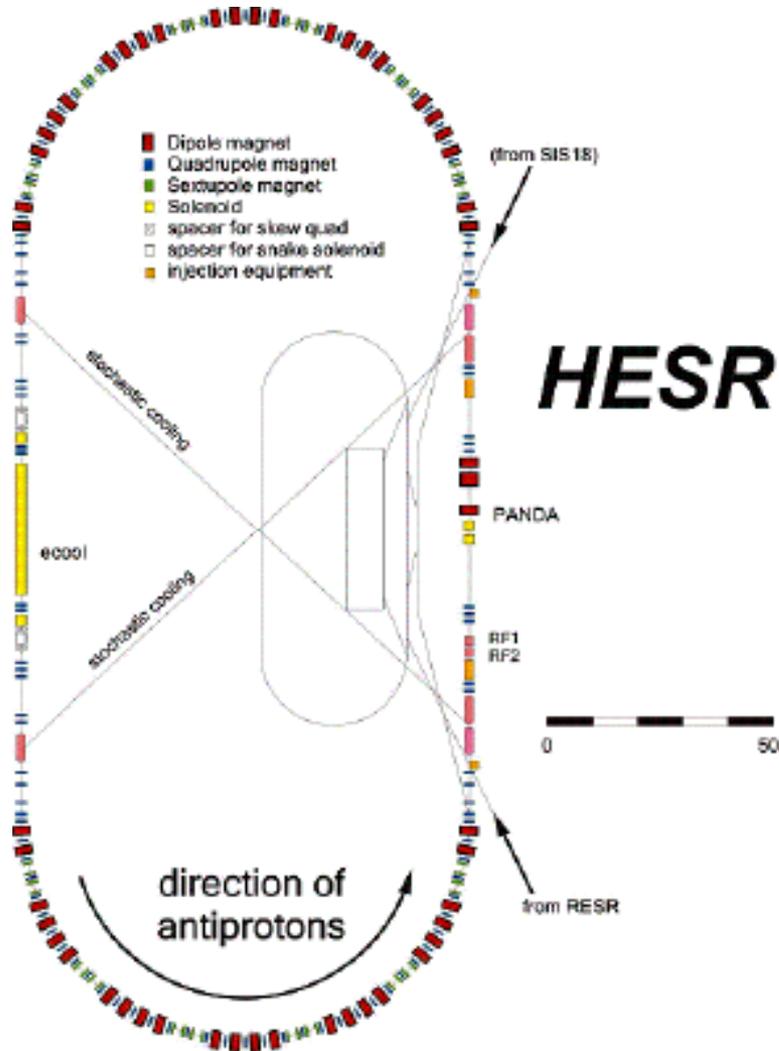


\bar{P} ANDA experiment at FAIR



I. Introduction

HESR (High Energy Storage Ring) with \bar{P} ANDA



For Antiprotons

- Antiprotons are produced by a secondary target and then stored and cooled in the HESR (High Energy Storage Ring).

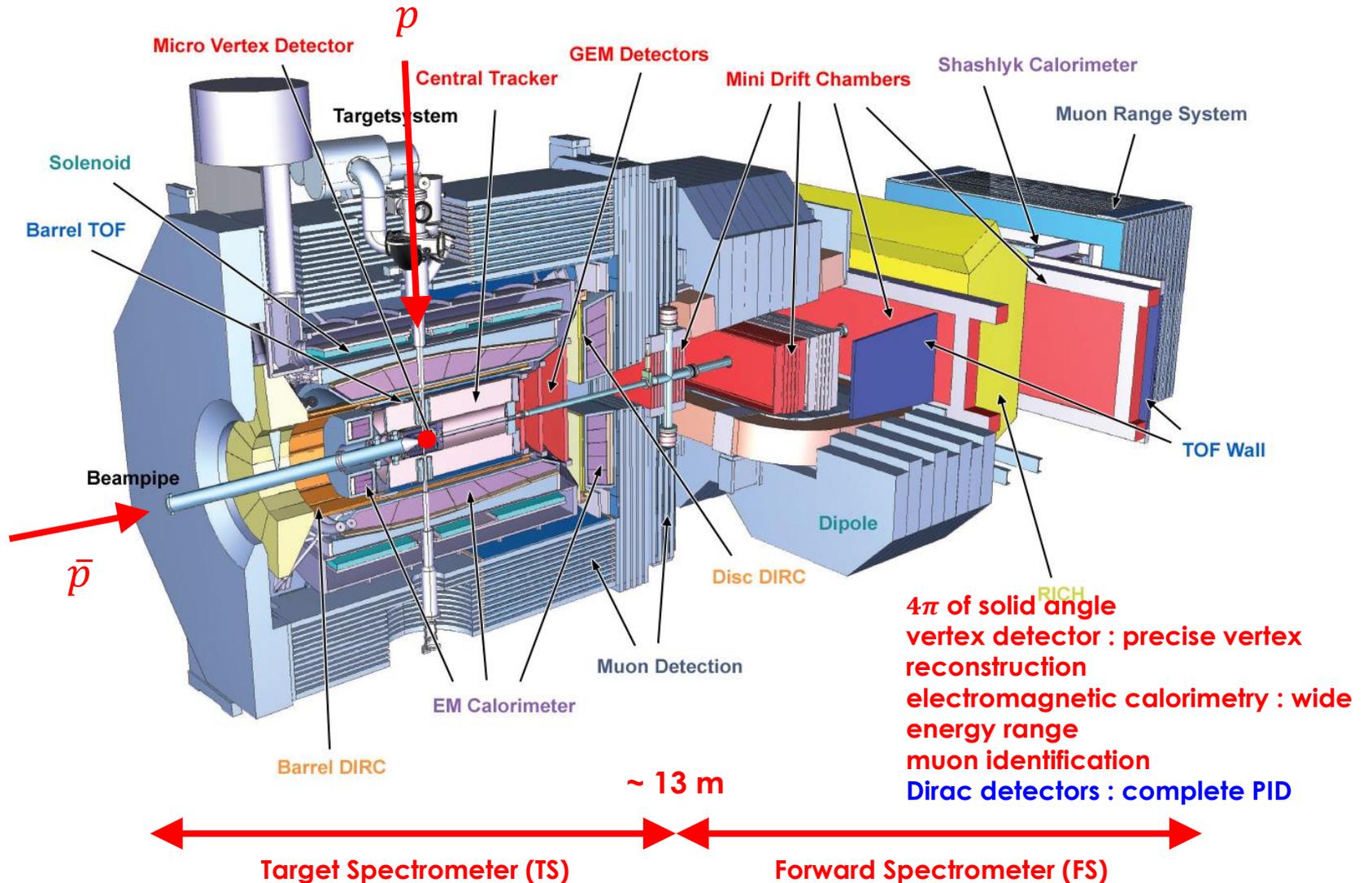
Two HESR operation modes

High intensity mode	High resolution mode
10^{11} antiprotons stored	10^{10} antiprotons stored
stochastic cooling	electron cooling
$p \geq 1.5 \text{ GeV}/c$	$1.5 \leq p \leq 8.9 \text{ GeV}/c$
\mathcal{L} up to $2 \cdot 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	\mathcal{L} up to $2 \cdot 10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
$\Delta p/p = 10^{-4}$	$\Delta p/p = 10^{-5}$

Three different types of targets under discussion

- hydrogen pellets :
 - $10^{15} \text{ atoms}/\text{cm}^3$
 - a peak luminosity of $\mathcal{L} = 2 \times 10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$ ($\cong 2 \times 10^9 \text{ J}/\psi$ per year)
- a cluster jet target
- fixed nuclear targets : *Be, C, Si or Al*.

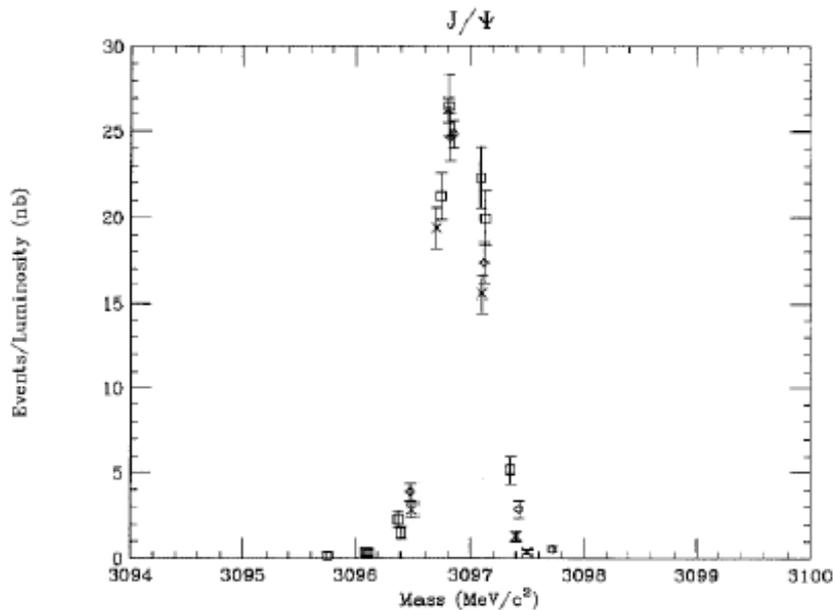
PANDA Detector Overview



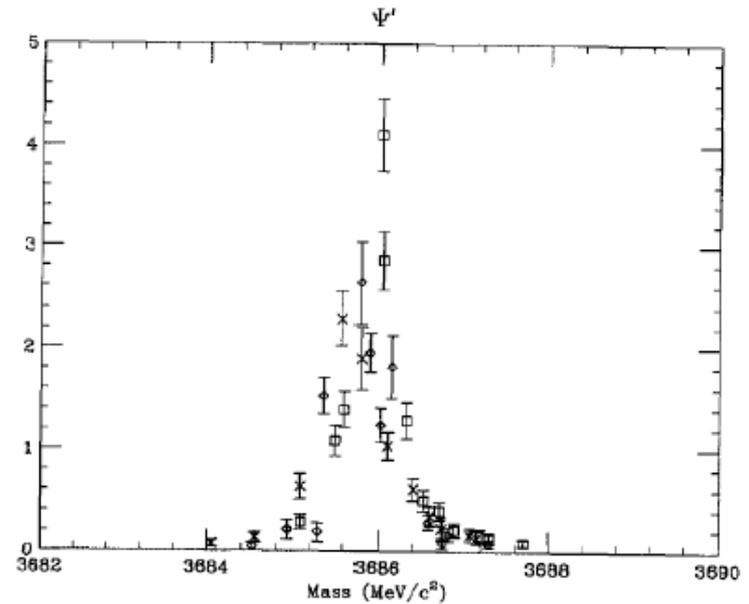
I. Introduction

Charmonium Width Measurements

- The resonance scan with the cooled beam could provide a measurement of the $X(3872)$ width.
- The technique pioneered by the Fermilab experiments E760 and E835.
 - Measurement of the J/ψ and ψ' resonance parameters in $\bar{p}p$ annihilation
 - beam momentum resolution $\Delta p/p = 2 \times 10^{-4} \rightarrow \sqrt{s}$ FWHM resolution $\cong 0.5$ MeV.



$$\Gamma(J/\psi) = 99 \pm 12 \pm 6 \text{ keV}$$



$$\Gamma(\psi') = 306 \pm 36 \pm 16 \text{ keV}$$

I. Introduction

Estimates for the $X(3872)$ Cross Section at \bar{P} ANDA

- Detailed balance method:

$$\sigma[\bar{p}p \rightarrow R] \cdot BR(R \rightarrow f) = \frac{(2J+1) \cdot 4\pi}{s - 4m_p^2} \cdot \frac{BR(R \rightarrow \bar{p}p) \cdot BR(R \rightarrow f) \cdot \Gamma_R^2}{4(\sqrt{s} - m_R)^2 + \Gamma_R^2}$$

- resonance $R = X(3872)$, spin parity $J^P = 1^+$

$$\sigma[\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872)] \cdot BR(X(3872) \rightarrow f) = \frac{3 \cdot 4\pi}{s - 4m_p^2} \cdot \frac{BR(X(3872) \rightarrow \bar{p}p) \cdot BR(X(3872) \rightarrow f) \cdot \Gamma_{X(3872)}^2}{4(\sqrt{s} - m_{X(3872)})^2 + \Gamma_{X(3872)}^2}$$

- $\sqrt{s} = m_{X(3872)} = 3.872 \text{ GeV}/c^2$

$$\sigma[\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872)] = \frac{3 \cdot 4\pi}{m_{X(3872)}^2 - 4m_p^2} \cdot BR(X(3872) \rightarrow \bar{p}p)$$

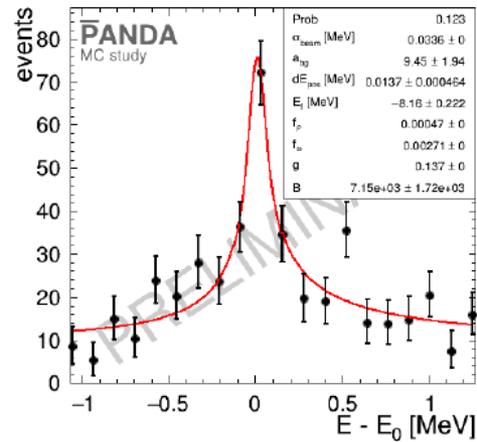
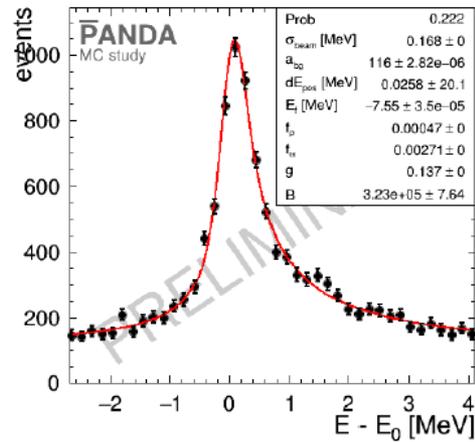
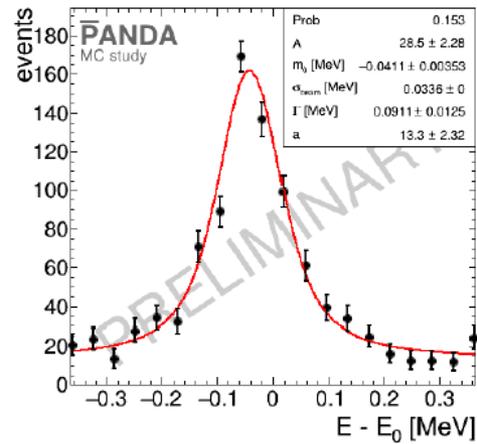
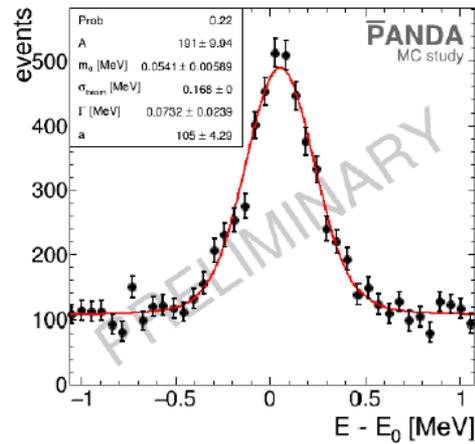
- $BR(X(3872) \rightarrow \bar{p}p)$ published by LHCb (2013)

$$\sigma(\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872)) < (68 \pm 0.4) \text{ nb (95\% C.L.)} ; \sigma(\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872)) = 50 \text{ nb}$$

- The expected $X(3872)$ production rates per day

	high luminosity mode	high resolution mode	
Resonance	$\mathcal{L} = 8.64 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{day}$	$\mathcal{L} = 0.864 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{day}$	$\mathcal{L} = 0.432 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{day}$
$X(3872)$	432000	43200	21600

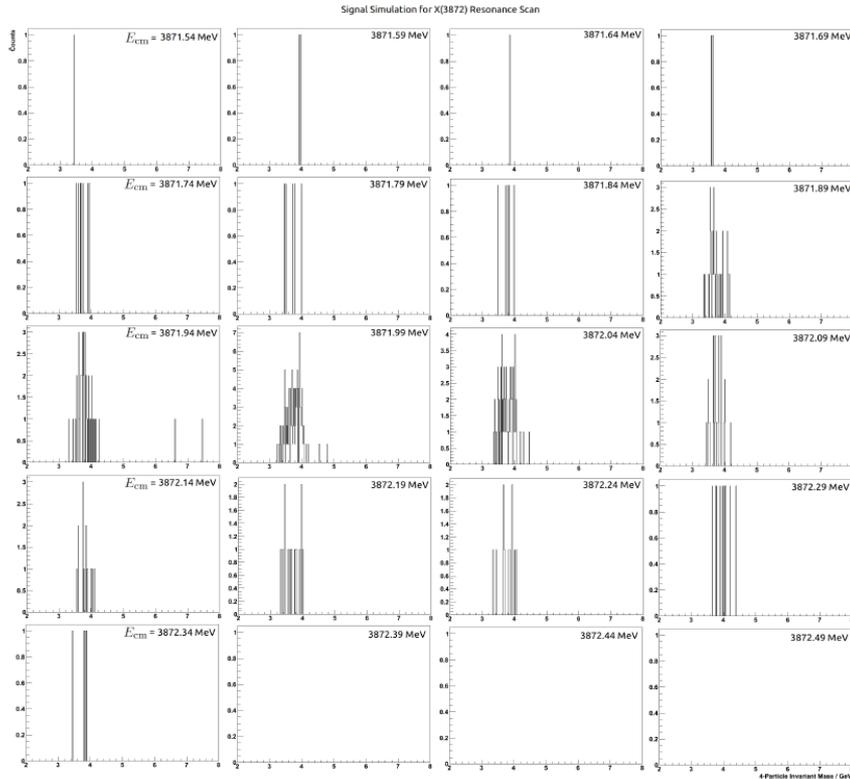
Resonance Scan of $X(3872)$ at \bar{P} ANDA



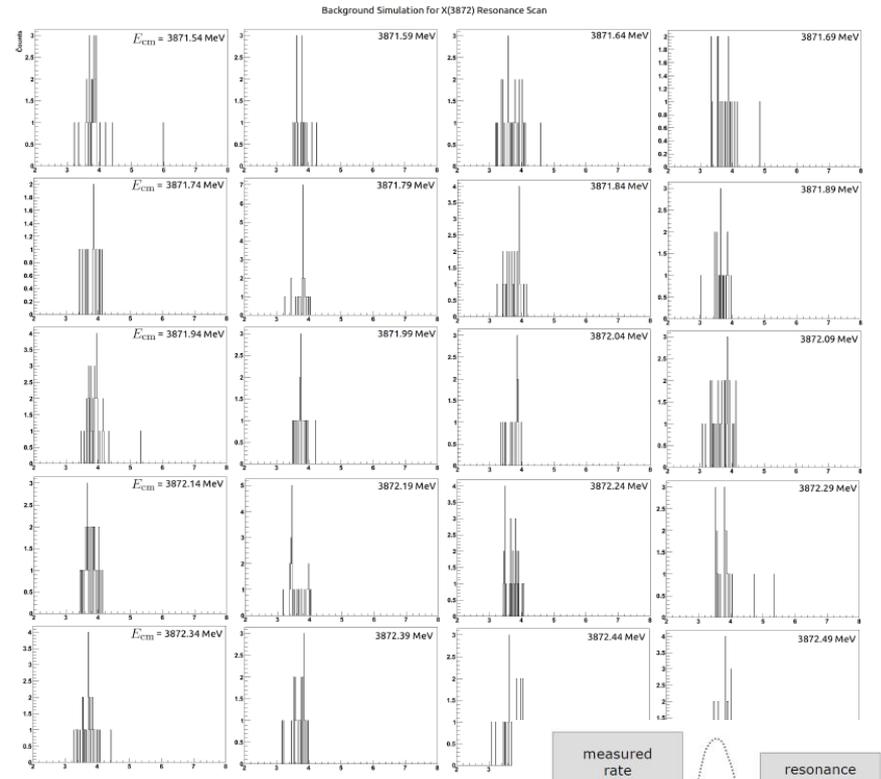
I. Introduction

Resonance Scan of $X(3872)$ at $\bar{P}ANDA$

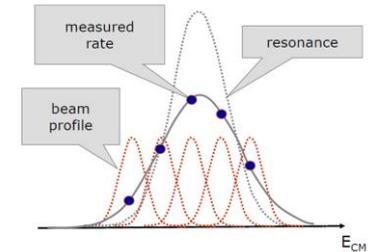
Signal Simulation for $X(3872)$ Resonance



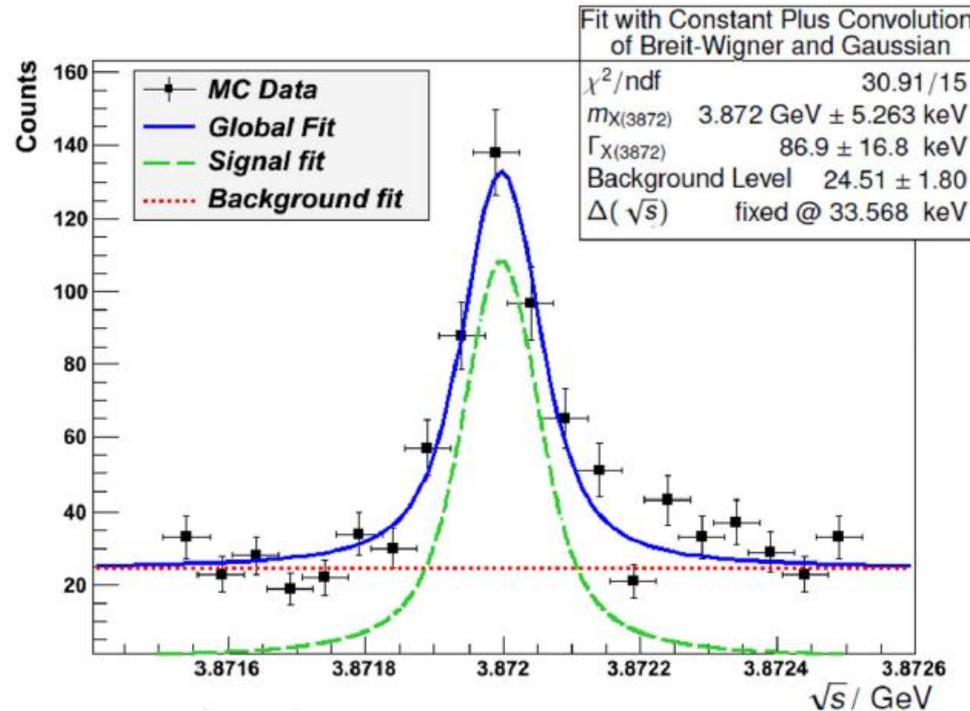
Background Simulation for $X(3872)$ Resonance



$$\bar{p}p \rightarrow X(3872) \rightarrow J/\psi\pi^+\pi^-$$



Resonance Scan of $X(3872)$ at $\bar{P}ANDA$



- Reconstructed width of $86.9 \pm 16.8 \text{ keV}$ is consistent with input width of 100 keV .
- $\bar{P}ANDA$ is well suited for resonance scan investigations of narrow resonances which can be directly formed in $\bar{p}p$.
- $\bar{P}ANDA$ will be able to either measure $\Gamma_{X(3872)}$ or at least significantly improve the current upper limit of $\Gamma_{X(3872)} \leq 1.2 \text{ MeV}$ at 90% C.L.