

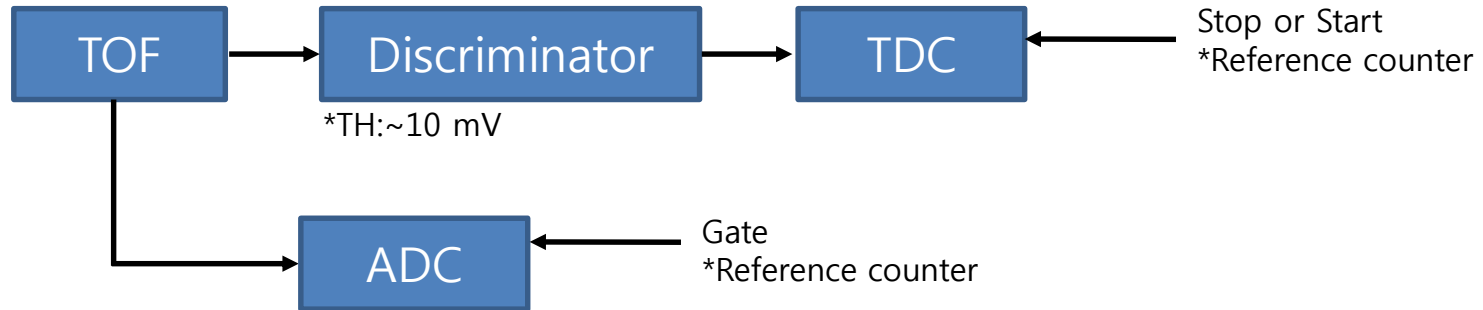
# TOF Analysis (1)

**22, Mar., 2017**

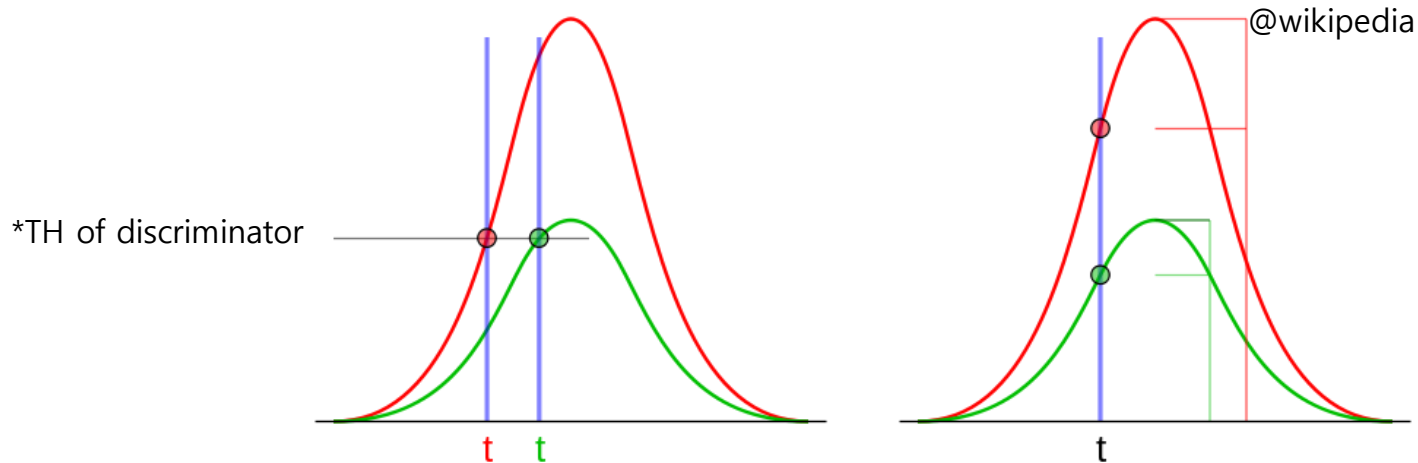
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## ■ TOF electric logic with TDC and ADC



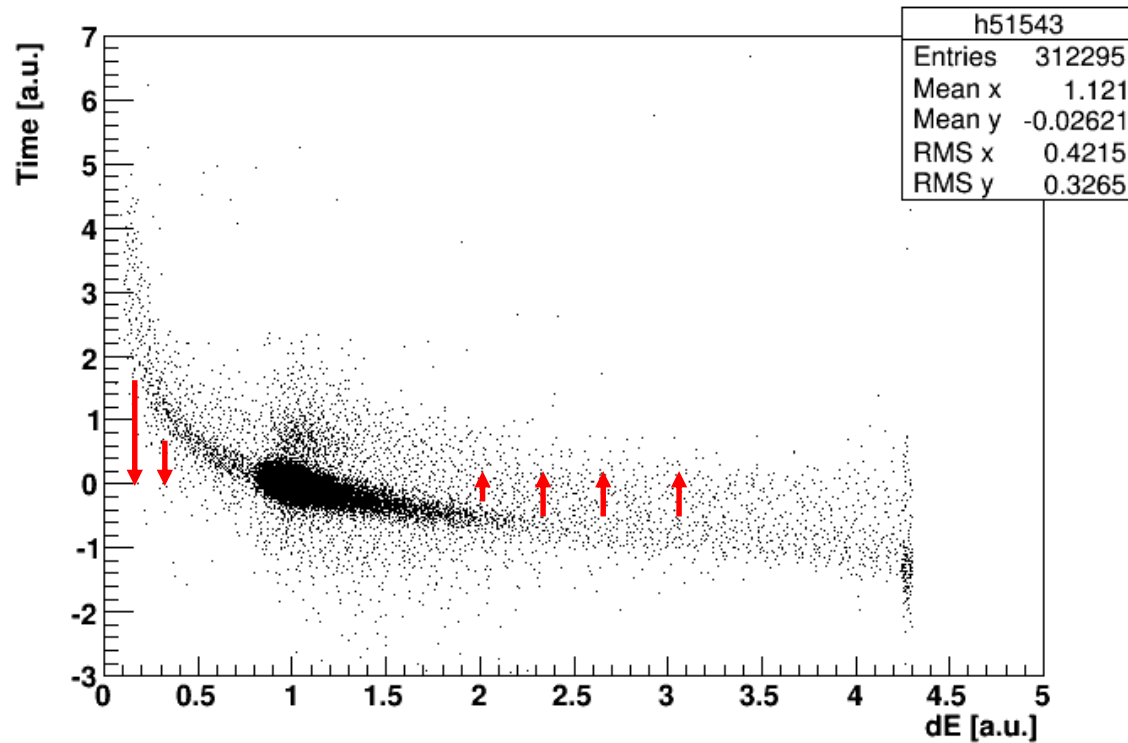
## ■ Time walk correction



In discriminator case,  
timing depends on pulse size  
→ Time walk correction is required.

Same timing at same height  
fraction  
\*constant fraction discriminator

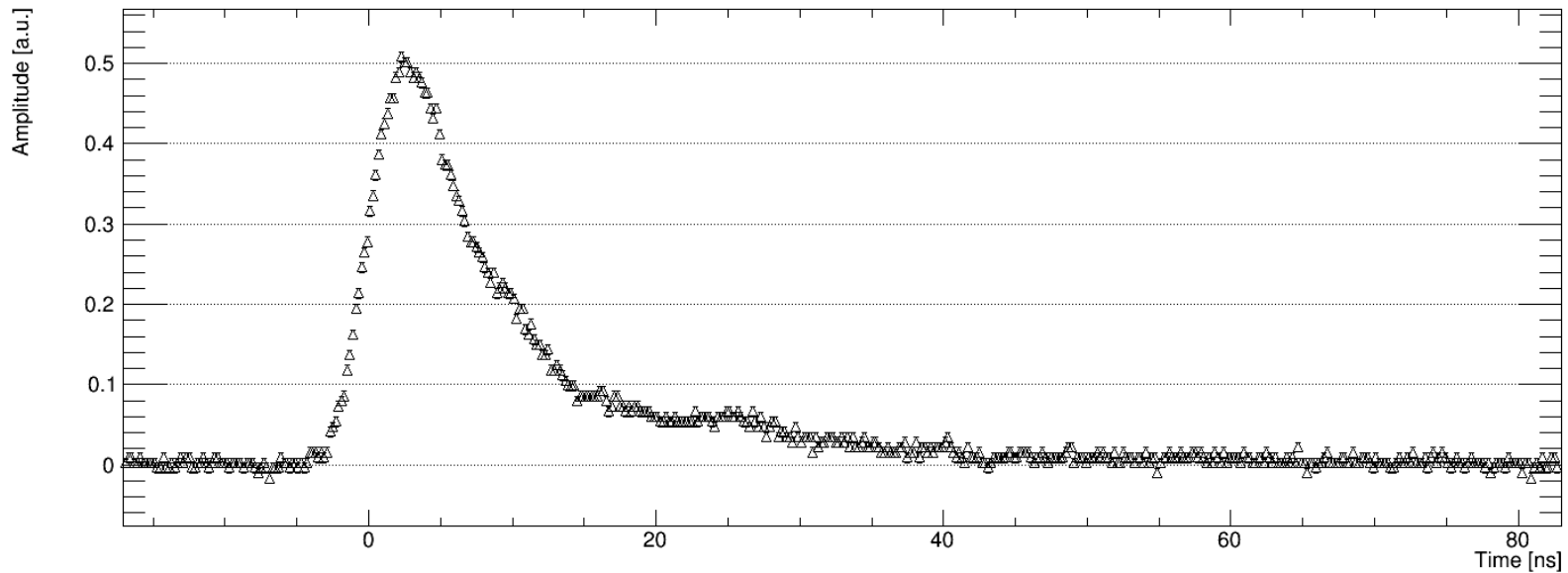
Ex) TOF at J-PARC SKS



\*For FADC, timing independent of pulse size can be determined.

## ■ Pulse shape of plastic scintillator and PMT

#By using oscilloscope, sampling every 200 ps



\*Error of time:  $\pm 100$  ps

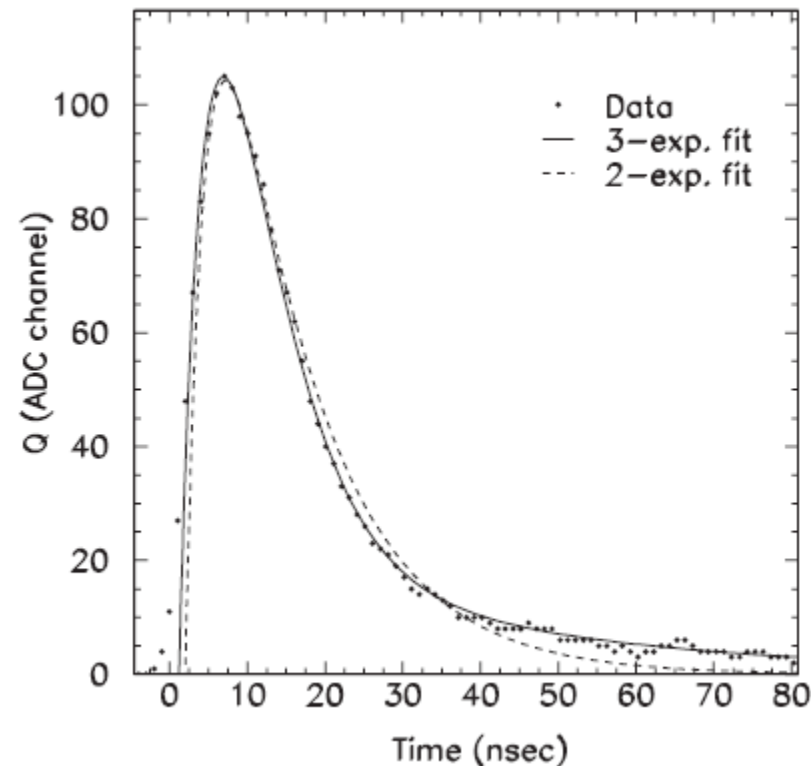
\*Error of amplitude:  $\pm 0.006$  a.u.

## ■ Fit functions to represent the pulse shape

### 1. Exponential functions

→ Used to represent signals from RC circuits

→  $F(x) = A(e^{-(t-t_0)/a} - e^{-(t-t_0)/b}) + Be^{-(t-t_0)/c}$

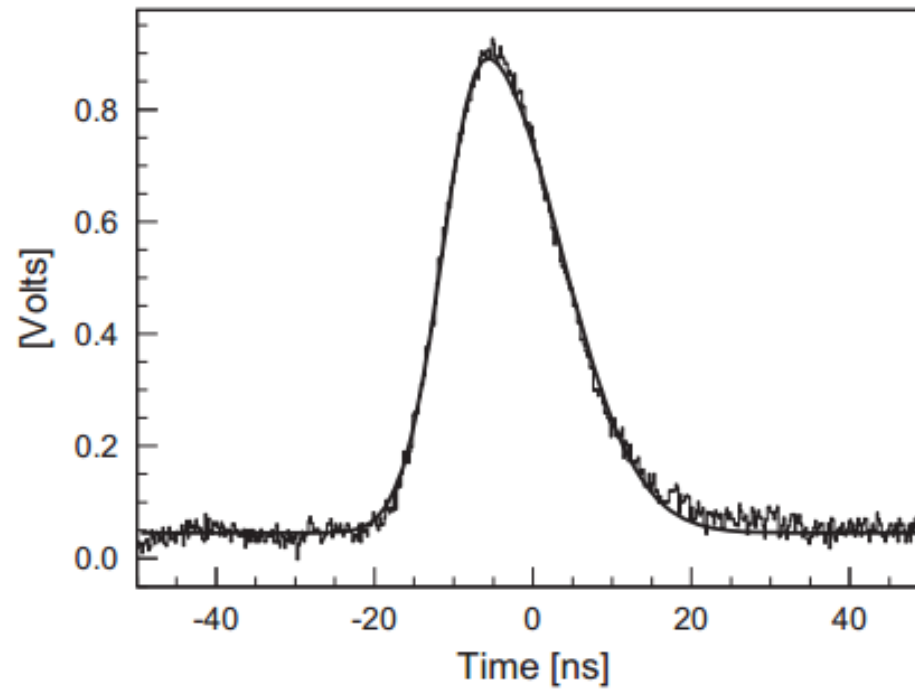


\*NIM A 490 (2002) 299.

## 2. Bifurcated Gaussian

→ Powerful to fit edge regions

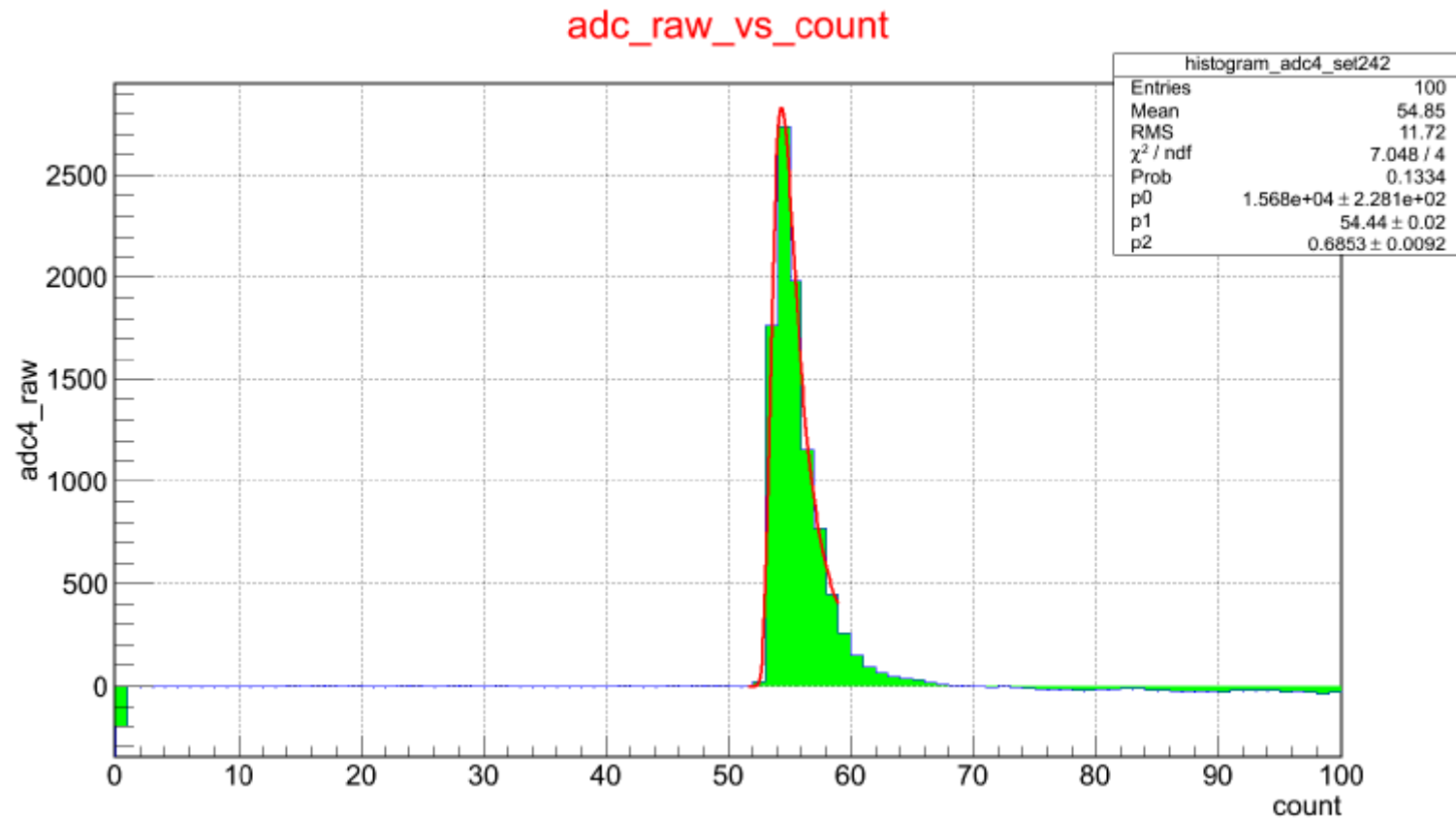
$$\rightarrow F(x) = Ae^{-\frac{(t-t_p)^2}{2\sigma_k^2}} + B; k = \begin{cases} 1 & t < t_p \\ 2 & t \geq t_p \end{cases}$$



\*NIM A 622 (2010) 225.

## 3. Landau function

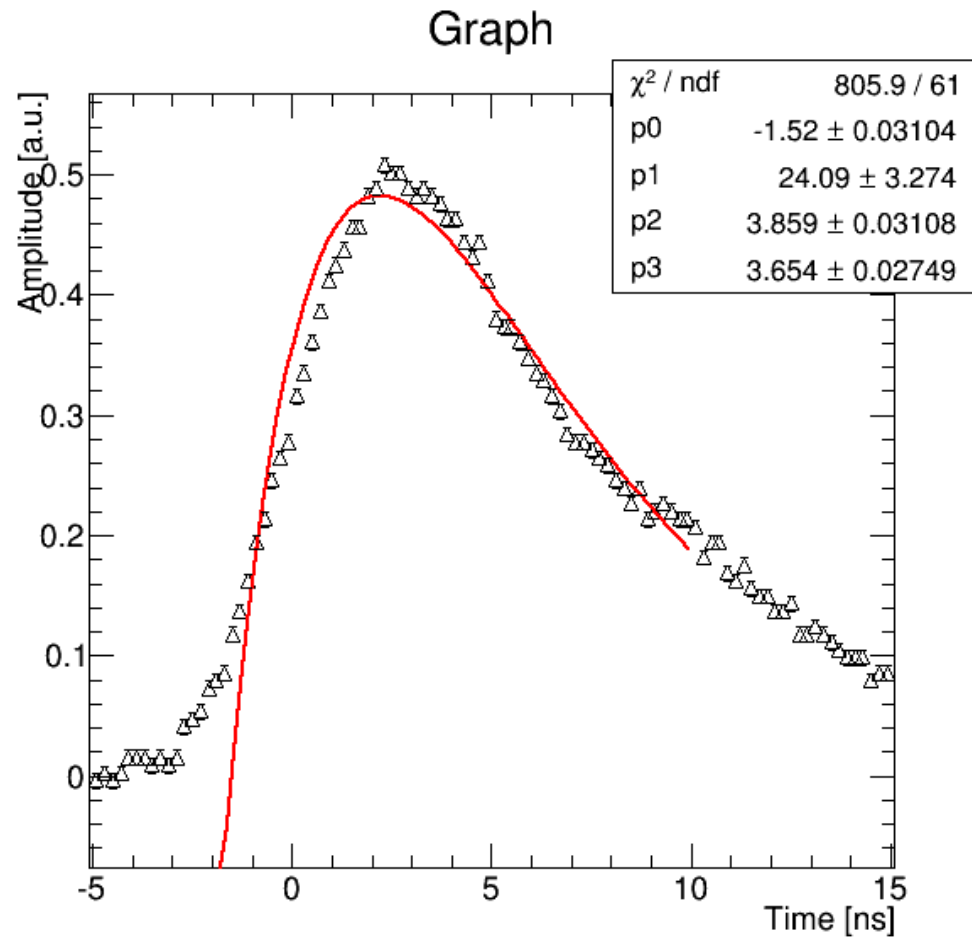
→ FTOF at CLAS12



\*S. Chaudhuri, University of South Carolina

## ■ Fit by using various functions

## 1. Two exponential function

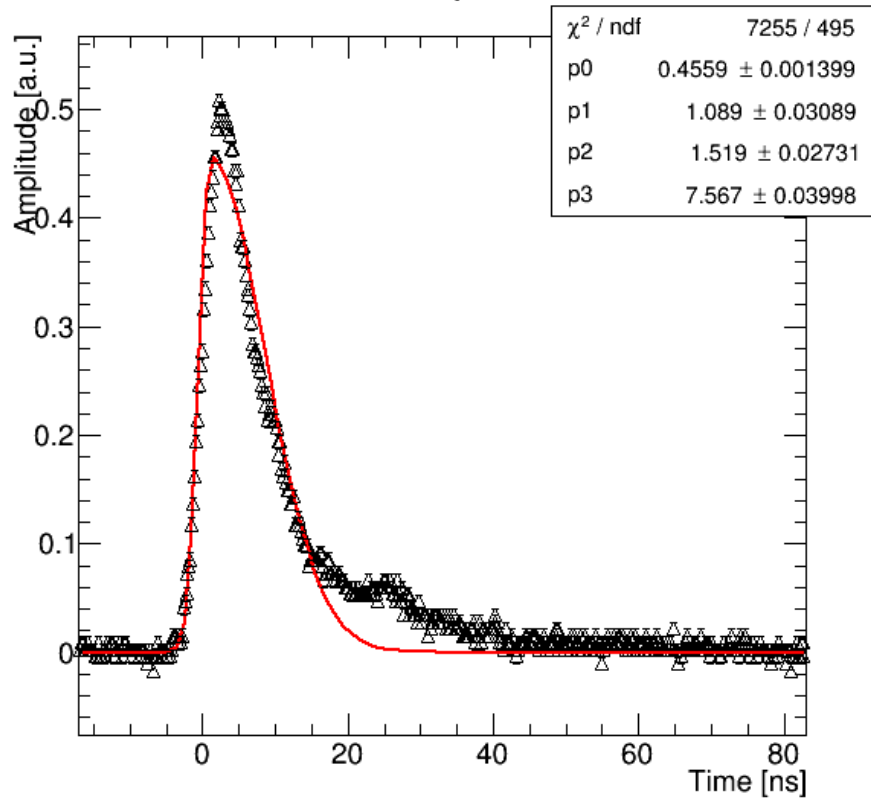


→ Not matched well.

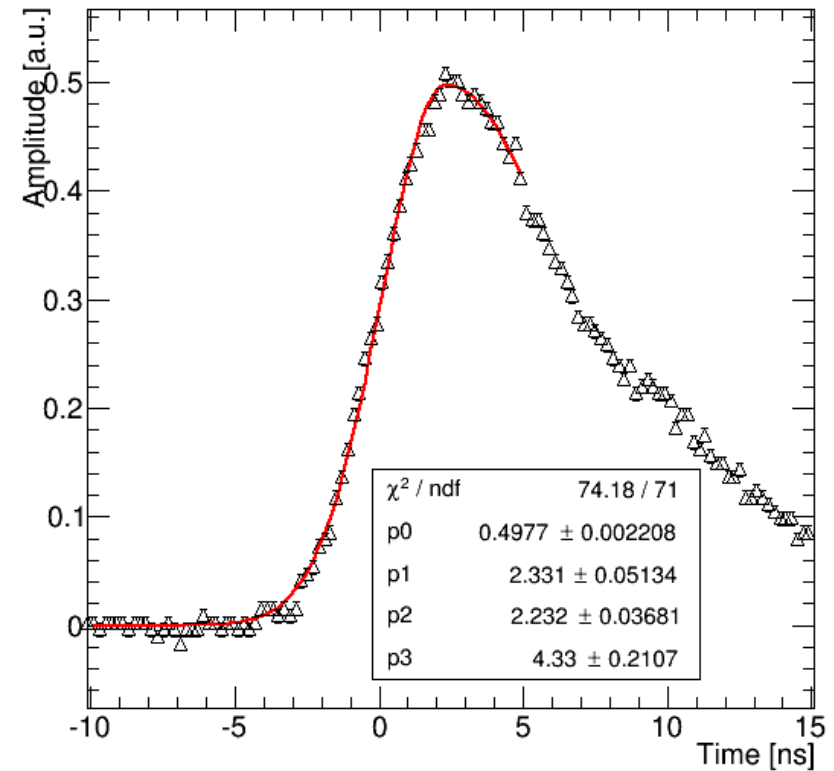


## 2. Bifurcated Gaussian

Wide range fit

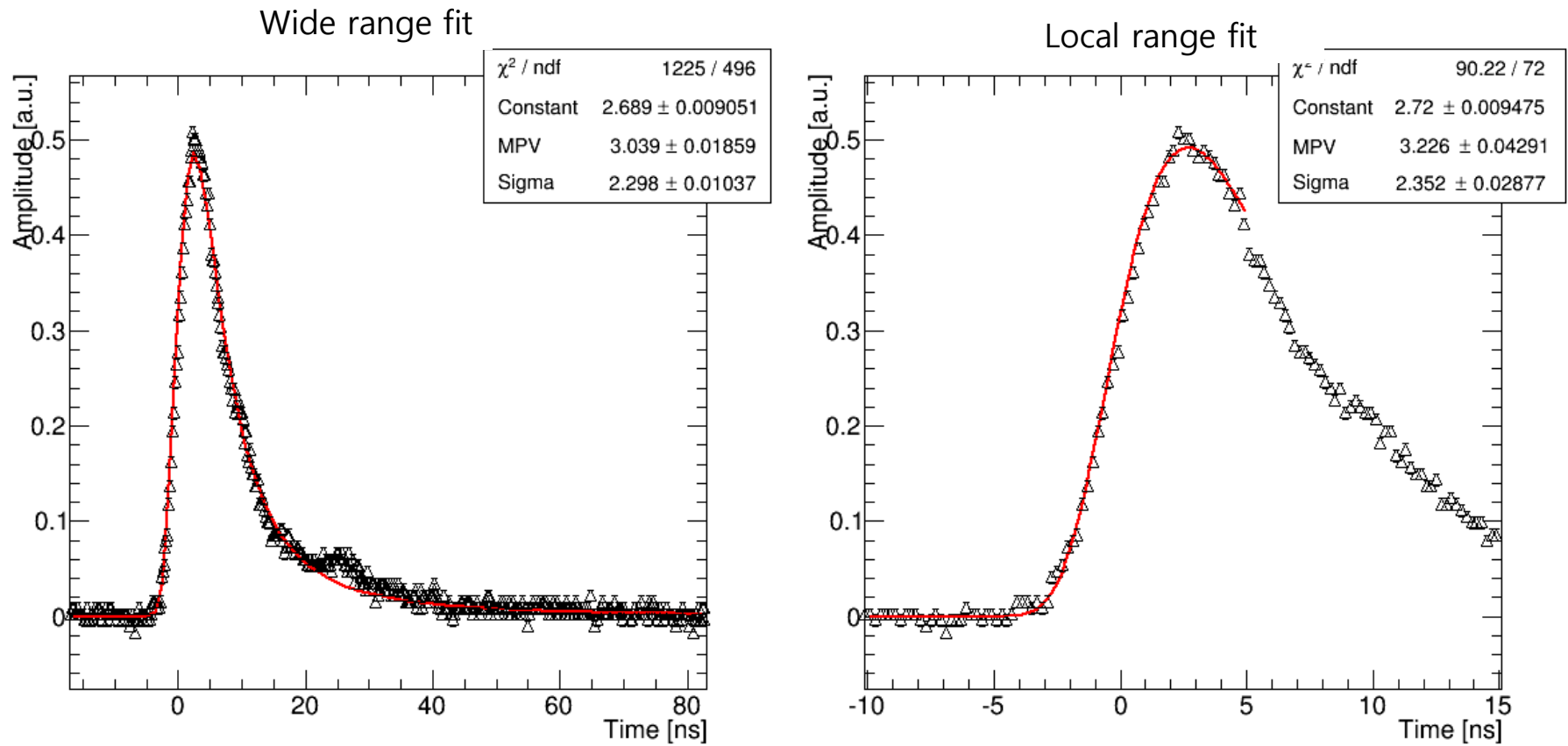


Local range fit



→ Not good for charge integration, but excellent for rising time analysis.

## 3. Landau function



→ Good for charge integration and rising time analysis.

1. Bifurcated Gaussian and Landau functions can be used for determining TOF timing.
2. Next step
  - Compare timing resolution, when using each functions.